# Export guidelines

Including latest information about BREXIT and shipping to the UK (from page 8)

# With reliable shipping solutions to every destination

GLS covers 40 countries via its own subsidiaries as well as partner companies and is globally connected via contractual agreed alliances. The Group also operates through wholly owned subsidiaries in Canada and on the West Coast of the USA. Our proven processes ensure smooth import and export handling, also for customs shipments.

In this guideline you will find everything you need to know about international goods shipping.

Please note that this is a non-binding guideline. The contents were compiled to the best of our knowledge and belief. Nevertheless, GLS cannot be held reliable for the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of the content. Each customer is responsible for compliance with legal requirements. Therefore, this guideline does not replace any legal advice that may be required.

GLS.



# **Shipping to EU countries**

Austria Belgium Bulgaria Croatia Cyprus Czech Republic Denmark Estonia Finland France Germany Greece Hungary Ireland

- Italy Latvia Lithuania Luxembourg Malta Netherlands Poland
- Portugal Romania Slovakia Slovenia Spain Sweden

### Intrastat

The ICTS (Intra-Community Trade Statistics) controls EUwide minimum standards for trade statistics. Companies must report dispatches and arrivals centrally, in Austria to the Federal Statistical Office. Upon request, GLS carries out the Intrastat registration when shipping to EU countries.

### **Necessary documents**

When shipping to EU countries, no customs documents are necessary. For dispatch via airfreight to Malta a delivery note has to be attached. Beyond, special shipping documents are required for shipments to areas that do not belong to the fiscal EU area (e.g. Channel Islands, Canary Islands) and for international shipments to countries with their own customs regime (e.g. Gibraltar, San Marino, Andorra; see table p.6 ff.).



# **Shipping to EFTA states and third countries**

Members of the European Free Trade Association EFTA are Norway, Liechtenstein, Switzerland and Iceland. All other shipping destinations are third countries from an EU point of view.

### **EORI** number

Your enterprise needs a socalled EORI (Economic Operators' Registration and Identification) number for dispatch to countries outside the EU. You can apply for your EORI number at the German customs authorities.

### Incoterms

Outside the EU, depending on the destination, further fees apply in addition to shipping costs (e.g. for customs clearing or import sales tax). The Incoterms determine which incidental costs of transportation are paid by the sender and which ones are paid by the importer. When exporting with GLS, senders can choose between the following options:

### Incoterm 10 (DDP):

Freight costs, customs clearance costs, customs duties and taxes paid – the sender pays all resulting costs, the importer bears no costs.

### Incoterm 20 (DAP):

Freight costs paid, customs clearance costs, customs duties and taxes unpaid – the sender pays the freight only, the importer bears all other costs.

### Incoterm 30 (DDP, VAT unpaid):

Freight costs, customs clearance costs and customs duties paid, taxes unpaid – the sender pays freight costs, customs clearance costs and customs duties, the importer pays the resulting taxes.

### Incoterm 40 (DAP, cleared):

Freight costs and customs clearance costs paid, customs duties and taxes unpaid – the sender pays freight costs and customs clearance costs, the importer pays the customs, duties, and resulting taxes.

### Incoterm 50 (DDP):

Freight costs and customs clearance costs paid, low-value clearance – the sender pays freight costs and customs clearance costs, the importer bears no costs. The Simplified Procedure for Customs Clearance results in lower costs and quicker delivery times in non-EU and EFTA countries. It can only be used for low-value shipments (note the country-specific upper value limits) or for document dispatch.

Customs clearance is made on behalf of the importer/consignee for all above listed incoterms.

### **Commercial invoice**

For shipments to EFTA states and third countries, a commercial invoice in triplicate is required (original plus two copies) in English. For Norway and Switzerland, only the original invoice is needed (no additional copies). The commercial invoice must contain the following details:

- Name and address of the sender with phone number and e-mail address
- EORI number of sender
- Name and address of the consignee, with telephone number, e-mail address and person of contact
- Delivery address, if different from the invoice address
- Billing date, number and place
- Description and number of goods with corresponding customs tariff codes <sup>1</sup> and respective values
- Value of goods (with currency information)
- Delivery conditions/delivery terms
- GLS parcel number(s)
- Weight (gross/net)
- Declaration of origin (for further information see page 4)
- Company stamp, signature and name in plain writing

All these details are also required for samples or gifts and for shipments free of charge. In addition, a declaration of value is necessary, for example with the remark "Sample or gift – value for customs purposes only".

### For shipping to the United Kingdom

Please note the information on page 8.

### For shipping to Switzerland/Liechtenstein:

If you wish to have your goods cleared via your existing ZAZ-account in CH/LI, please inform your contact person at the depot in writing before the first shipment to these countries. After his confirmation you can start with the shipment. The ZAZ-account number must be clearly stated on the commercial invoice.



# **Preferences/preferential treatment**

The EU has agreements with many countries on customs preferential treatments for goods from certain countries and territories. If the exporter proves the origin of the goods with a preference certificate there are in some cases fewer or even no charges. The form the preference certificate must have depends on the country and the value of goods in particular.

### Non-formal preference certificate

#### Declaration of origin:

If the value of goods is less than  $\leq 6,000$ , a declaration of origin on the commercial invoice is sufficient.

### The mandatory text for it reads:

"The exporter (authorised exporter, customs authorisation number) confirms that - except where otherwise clearly indicated - these products are of European Community preferential origin." The declaration of origin must be signed in original (including plain writing and company stamp), if the exporter is not an "authorised" person - meaning having received permission by the central customs office for simplified export of goods.

### Also possible as non-formal preference certificates:

Declaration of origin on the EUR-MED invoice

### **Export declaration**

If the value of goods exceeds of €1,000, senders need an electronic export declaration for parcel transport to EFTA states and third countries. The export declaration is created by ATLAS (Automated Tariff and Local Customs Clearance System). Caution: Only the <u>two-step export</u> <u>procedure</u> is accepted. Shipments have to remain at the sender until the electronic export declaration has been created.

### Formal preference certificate

#### EUR. 1 movement certificate:

If the value of goods exceeds €6,000 (e.g. a consignment of several parcels), a EUR. 1 certificate is required. This certificate must be stamped by the responsible customs office. An exception applies to "authorised exporters". In this case, the declaration of origin with the indication of the approval number is sufficient.

## Further possible formal preference certificates at a glance:

- EUR-MED movement certificate
- A.T.R. movement certificate with pre-stamp or special stamp
- Certificate of origin, Form A



# **Excluded goods**

# The goods and parcels listed below shall be <u>excluded from transportation by GLS</u>. These include in particular, but not exclusively:

- ➤ Parcels with a goods value of over €5,000 (while a shipment can consist of several parcels from one sender to the same consignee);
- X Goods which are insufficiently packed;
- Goods which require special handling (e.g. being particularly fragile or have to be transported upright or only lying on a certain side);
- Perishable and temperature sensitive goods, remains, units of blood, organs, live animals;
- Prescription drugs and drugs which must be transported separately from other goods (e.g. from tyres, hazardous goods), vaccines, insulin and narcotics;
- ➤ Precious metals and stones, watches, jewellery and pearls, works of art, collector's items and antiques with a value of more than €750 per parcel;
- Goods which possess a low value themselves but whose damage or loss could cause high consequential damages (e.g. tender documents, data storage devices with sensitive data);
- × Phone cards and prepaid cards (e.g. for mobile phones);
- Money and documents with monetary value (e.g. stamps, securities, acceptance bills, savings books);
- Firearms, essential weapon parts according to section 1 of the German Weapons Act as well as ammunition;
- Parcels whose content, external quality, dispatch or storage violates a legal or public authority prohibition including applicable export or import regulations;
- × Unfranked parcels.

- **×** Additionally excluded from transportation abroad are:
  - Hazardous goods of all kinds,
  - Tobacco products and liquors,
  - Personal effects and ATA Carnet goods,
  - Tyres, if Sweden is the destination country,
  - Non-EU goods that are processed in the EU customs area in order to avoid duties,
  - CITES goods
- Excluded from transportation as Fixed date and Express parcels:
  - Pharmaceuticals,
  - Hazardous goods of all kinds.
- × Excluded from airfreight:
  - Prohibited articles according to the regulation (EC) No. 300/2008 of 11 March 2008 and its implementing rules as amended from time to time.

Parcels that exceed maximum size and maximum weight are also excluded from transport with GLS.

Transportation exclusions according to the Special Terms and Conditions of GLS Austria apply. These can be seen and downloaded on gls-group.com or be sent upon request.



# Export checklist: Shipment within Europe - customs destinations (1)

Country	Postcodes/cities	Commercial invoice	Declaration of origin on commer- cial invoice (for EU goods)	Movement cer- tificate EUR. 1 or declaration of origin with authorisation number	Limit for low-value clearance (Incoterm 50)
Albania	All	Original + 3 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and	l signature on invoice ne	cessary. Only Incoterms	s 40 or 50 possible.	
Andorra	All	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Not possible
	number) is required.	ID number of sender and Phone number of consig declaration required for	gnee necessary. Only In		ıals: passport number (DNI e.
Bosnia and Herzegovina	All	Original + 3 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5 kg (gross)
	Company stamp and	l signature on invoice ne	cessary. Only Incoterms	s 40 or 50 are possi	ble.
Gibraltar	All	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Not possible
		ID number of sender and ired. Phone number from			
Iceland	All	Original + 3 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and	l signature on invoice ne	cessary. Only Incoterms	s 40 or 50 are possi	ble.
Kosovo	All	Original + 3 copies in English	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and	l signature on invoice ne	cessary. Only Incoterms	s 40 or 50 are possi	ble.
Liechtenstein	All	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for EU/EFTA origin CHF 62.50 (approx. €52)
		ng of documents, catalog ling via Switzerland.	gues, etc. up to 4kg. Exc	luded: software, je	wellery, watches, electronic
Macedonia	All	Original + 3 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and	l signature on invoice ne	cessary. Only Incoterms	s 10, 40 or 50 are p	ossible.
Montenegro	All	Original + 3 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and	l signature on invoice ne	cessary. Only Incoterms	s 40 or 50 are possi	ble.



# Export checklist: Shipment within Europe - customs destinations (2)

Country	Postcodes/cities	Commercial invoice	Declaration of origin on commer- cial invoice (for EU goods)	Movement cer- tificate EUR. 1 or declaration of ori- gin with authori- sation number	Limit for low-value clearance (Incoterm 50)
Norway	All	Original	<€6,000	≥€6,000	NOK 350 (approx. €39)
	Excluded: jewellery,	riting. Please note: Cust	communication equipm	nent. Declaration of o	forma invoice). rigin with original signature of less than NOK 200 only with
San Marino	47890-47899 (IT)	Original + 2 copies	Only T2L for proof of sense of community	2 .	Not possible
		wing declaration on the eding €500 a T2L is requi		L Commission Regula	tion (EEC) 2920/90 dated
Switzerland	All	Original	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for EU/EFTA origin CHF 62.50 (approx. €52)
		ch of documents, catalog bhol. Declaration of origi			
Serbia	All	Original + 3 copies in English	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents without material value
	Incoterms 10, 20, 30 Currency only possib	•	additional original invo	ice is required on the	parcel for Serbian customs.
Turkey	All	Original + 3 copies in English	Only country of origin or A.T.R. (acc. EUR. 1)	A.T.R.	Not possible
	electronic equipmer private consignees c Incoterm 50: Except	nt/components. Parcels v lear customs through ar	weighing more than 301 n external customs agen nedia for private purpos	kg or with a goods val It. This may cause add	, chemicals, lighters (all types), ue of more than €1,500 to litional costs. cceed €150 and can be cleared
United King- dom (from 1.1.2021)	All	Original in English	Only country of origin	-	Not possible
		al invoice is required on t nents to the UK from 1.1			formation about the customs
Vatican	00120 (IT)	Original + 2 copies	Only T2L for proof of sense of community	Only T2L for proof of sense of community	Not possible

For all destinations listed above, the following applies:

• From an invoice value of €1,000, an electronic export declaration is required. Only the two-step export procedure is accepted.

• The values for the declaration of origin and the movement certificate refer in each case to a consignment (several parcels from one shipper to the same consignee). The value of the goods per parcel is in any case limited to €5,000.



### All you need to know for Shipment to the UK after the Brexit

Since 1 January 2021, the United Kingdom (UK) has the status of a third country from the perspective of the European Union. This means that the movement of goods and thus the dispatch of parcels between the EU and the UK is subject to customs supervision from this date. Customs formalities are therefore required, but no customs duties will be levied on goods of EU origin.

Hence, only shipments for which the shipper provides the full **parcel and customs data** will be processed. For more information, please see the following pages.

The Republic of Ireland remains a member of the EU and Northern Ireland remains in the customs union (more information about Northern Ireland on p. 13). For shipping to both parts of Ireland, no customs formalities will be required.

### Your export to the UK is always in safe hands with GLS!

- As a subsidiary of the British Royal Mail we are specialists in the UK business!
- GLS has for many years been customers' reliable partner for parcel deliveries across Europe and the world.
- GLS customers rely on existing, proven processes for smooth imports and exports, including of deliveries requiring customs clearance.
- Specialists in export and customs issues take care of the particular needs of customers trading internationally.
- GLS will give its customers extensive support for shipments to the UK also from 2021.



# **Requirements for export to the UK**

### **EORI** number

For shipping to countries outside the EU, you require a socalled EORI number for your business (Economic Operators' Registration and Identification); this identification number is required for customs processing. You can apply for an EORI number from the Austrian <u>customs authorities</u>. When shipping to the UK, the EORI numbers of the commercial exporter in the EU and of the com-mercial importer in the UK are required.

# Goods classification on the basis of customs tariff numbers (HS code numbers)

Goods shipments to non-EU countries must be classified. For this, customs use goods or customs tariff numbers, socalled

HS code numbers. This defines which goods are included in your shipment and how high the import duties and other import taxes are.

In addition to the goods description, parcels to the UK must also be furnished with the corresponding goods/customs tariff number. Detailed information regarding the HS code numbers can be found at <u>www.tariffnumber.com</u>.



### Documents required for customs

### 1. Commercial or pro forma invoice

For shipments to the UK a commercial or pro forma invoice in English is required. The commercial invoice is required for goods with commercial value and the pro forma invoice for goods with-out commercial value (e.g. sample or gift shipments).

The invoice must either be placed in a shipping envelope on the outside of the parcel or transmitted electronically with the cus-toms data and must contain the following information:

 Complete importer data if this is not the same as the recipient: name, address, phone number, e-mail address

- Name and address of the dispatcher with phone number and e-mail address
- EORI numbers of the dispatcher, the commercial exporter in the EU and the commercial importer in the UK
- UK VAT number when using Incoterm 18 (VAT Registration Scheme)
- Name and address of the recipient with phone number, e-mail address and contact person
- Delivery address if this differs from the invoice address
- Invoice date, number and location
- Designation and quantity of goods with associated customs tariff numbers and respective values
- Value of goods (with currency specification)
- Delivery condition/incoterm
- GLS parcel number(s)
- Weight (gross/net)
- Declaration of origin
- Company stamp, signature and name in plain text

For each line of the invoice, the following must be indicated:

- All goods tariff numbers (summed)
- The gross and net weight
- The exact description of the goods
- The origin
- The value declaration incl. currency

If the same goods tariff numbers with the same origin/the same country of provenance are listed several times on an invoice, a grand total for the gross and net weight, the value declaration and the quantity of the goods must be recorded for these goods tariff numbers.

### 2. Export declaration

When a goods value of €1,000 is reached, shippers in Austria need an electronic export declaration for parcel transportation to the UK. In Austria, this is done via ATLAS (Automated tariff and local customs clearance system). GLS only accepts the "two-stage procedure" for the export declaration. Find more information on the <u>customs authorities' website</u><sup>1</sup>.



# Parcel shipping to the UK in detail

### Incoterms

For shipping to a non-EU country, taxes, customs duties and a customs clearance fee are incurred alongside the shipping costs.

Incoterms define which costs incurred within the framework of customs clearance (taxes, customs duties, customs clearance) are borne by the dispatcher and which by the importer.

- Import VAT in the UK is currently 20%.
- The payable customs duties will depend on the type of goods to be shipped and the tariff rates set by the British govern-ment if no origin-related customs exemptions exist.
- The customs clearance fee covers the additional work incurred because of the customs clearance process. Your GLS customer advisor will provide you with more information.

When exporting with GLS to the UK, dispatchers can choose between these Incoterms for commercial customs clearance:

### • Incoterm 10 (DDP):

Freight costs, customs clearance costs, customs duties and taxes paid – the sender pays all costs incurred, the importer bears no costs.

- Incoterm 20 (DAP):
   Freight costs paid, customs clearance costs, customs duties and taxes unpaid – the sender pays for freight only, the im-porter bears all other costs.
- Incoterm 30 (DDP, VAT unpaid):

Freight costs, customs clearance costs and customs duties paid, taxes unpaid – the sender pays for freight, customs clearance costs and customs duties, the importer pays for the taxes incurred.

• Incoterm 40 (DAP, cleared):

Freight costs and customs clearance costs paid, customs duties and taxes unpaid – the sender pays for freight and customs clearance costs, the importer pays customs duties and taxes.

 Incoterm 60 (Pick&ShipService, Pick&ReturnService): Freight costs, customs clearance costs, customs duties and taxes paid – the customer pays all costs incurred, the import-er bears no costs.

- Incoterm 18 (DDP, VAT Registration Scheme): Freight costs, customs clearance costs and taxes paid – the shipper pays freight and customs clearance. Taxes are paid ei-ther by the importer or by the shipper after registration in the UK. There are no customs duties.
  - For parcels with a shipment value of max. GBP135. When the according shipment value applies, the use of this incoterm is mandatory for commercial shippers.
  - For this, the import VAT will be paid directly to the British tax authorities (HMRC). Therefore, a prior registration on the website of the UK government <u>www.</u> <u>gov.uk</u> may be required.
  - Shipments go through a customs clearance and inspection process; GLS will charge fees for this process. There are no customs duties.

### Elimination of the exemption limit with Incoterm 50

In accordance with a decision by the British government, it is expected that the exemption limit (Incoterm 50) will be abolished from 2021. In principle, all goods, no matter how low their value, must be duty-paid then.

### Incoterms at a glance

Depending on whether you send to commercial or private recipi-ents and on the value of the goods, the British government pre-scribes different rules for the choice of incoterms. The following table shows you an overview of all available incoterms.

To find the appropriate Incoterm, get in touch with the importers in the UK and determine who bears the import VAT and customs duties incurred: you as the consignor of the goods or the importer in the UK.



### When shipping with GLS to the UK the following Incoterms are available:

	Shipment valu	e <= GBP135 net					
	B2C: Importer private	B2B: Importer commer- cial	Shipment value > GBP135 net				
Incoterm		gistration Scheme nent value <= GBP135	10 DDP	20 DAP	30 DDP VAT unpaid	40 DDU cleared	60 Pick&Ship Pick&Return
Description	+ tax The import sales tax is	<b>coms clearance costs</b> te <b>s paid</b> s paid directly to the Brit- orities (HMRC)	Freight costs, cus- toms clear- ance costs, customs duties + taxes paid	Freight costs paid, cus- toms clear- ance costs, customs du- ties + taxes unpaid	Freight costs, cus- toms clear- ance costs + customs duties paid, taxes unpaid	Freight costs + customs clearance costs paid, customs duties + taxes unpaid.	Freight costs, customs clearance costs, cus- toms duties + taxes paid
Clearance borne by	Shipper	Shipper	Shipper	Importer	Shipper	Shipper	Requester
Duties borne by	No du	ties incur	Shipper	Importer	Shipper	Importer	Requester
Taxes borne by	Shipper	Shipper or Importer	Shipper	Importer	Importer	Importer	Requester
Please note	Shipper must register in UK and receives a UK VAT number In This must be indi- cated in the invoice and customs data	Shipper may use his own or the importer's UK VAT number (self- registration) If the respective VAT number must be indi- cated in the invoice and customs data If the importer's num- ber is used, the invoice must state: "Use importer account for VAT to HMRC"	<ul> <li>For B2B shipment, the shipper needs a UK EORI number. This must be indicated in the invoice and customs data.</li> <li>Bulk customs clearance is possible for shipments to the UK consisting of several packages for different recipients.</li> <li>In this case, the customs clearance for different delivery addresses is conducted on the basis of a single invoice via one importer.</li> <li>There is only one customs clearance fee (depending on the quantity of customs tariff numbers), which can be broken down across all packages.</li> <li>Bulk customs clearance is, for example, possible via a branch of the shipping company in the UK, a fiscal representation of a company located in the FU licensed in England with an English tax number or the shipping company in the UK.</li> </ul>				K consisting of ery addresses is porter. on the quantity n across all a branch of the of a company
	inspection process; GL	a customs clearance and S will charge fees for this. customs duties.	located in the EU, licensed in England, with an English tax			in tax number of	

### Creation of parcel labels

When required, all GLS shipping systems will be able to process the United Kingdom (UK) as a customs destination with commercial customs clearance. If adjustments should be required on the part of the dispatcher, your GLS contact person will get in touch with you.

Dispatchers who use their own ERP system to control the GLS shipping system must add UK as a customs destination. Dis-patchers who wish to use the Incoterm 18 tariff option must also add this new Incoterm to their systems.

You cannot customise your ERP system? You can use the GLS web portal to conveniently create export parcels to the UK. To do this, you just need a computer with an Internet connection. You will receive your access data from your GLS contact person.



### Excluded goods when sending to the UK

Please note that the following goods are excluded from shipment to the United Kingdom:

Number	Excluded commodities			
01-28	All goods under these chapter numbers are excluded.			
15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared edible fats; animal or vegetable waxes			
22	All kinds of alcoholic beverages			
24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes			
25	Salt; sulphur; earths and stone; plastering materials, lime and cement			
26	Ore, slag, ash			
27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes			
28	Inorganic chemicals; organic or inorganic compounds of precious metals, of rare-earth metals, of radioactive ele- ments or of isotopes			
300100000- 3004000000	Glans and organs, human blood and medicaments			
340100000- 3403999999	Various soaps and lubricating preparations			
370100000	Photographic plates			
370300000- 3704999999	Photographic paper and photographic plates			
31	Fertilisers			
32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints and varnishes; putty and other mastics; inks			
33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations			
35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes			
36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations			
38	Miscellaneous chemical products			
41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather			
43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof			
44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal			
450100000- 4501999999	Natural cork			
51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric			
67	Prepared feathers and down and articles made of feathers or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair			
710100000- 7102999999	Pearls and diamonds			
711200000- 7118999999	Waste scrap of precious metals or stones, Jewellery, Goldsmiths' and Silversmiths' wares and other articles			



# What else is important

### Northern Ireland

In contrast to the other parts of the UK, Northern Ireland remains within the European Customs Union. Preparing customs documents, providing customs data and customs clearance are therefore not necessary; hence there are no additional costs for either consignor or consignee in terms of customs clearance, duties and taxes.

For parcels to Northern Ireland, the usual parcel data must therefore continue to be transmitted. Due to the UK postcode, an incoterm is requested as standard – please enter incoterm 20 for the time being to ensure duty-free handling.

In any case, please ensure that goods to Northern Ireland do not appear on the invoice and customs data for parcels to the rest of the UK.

### Lead times to the UK

The standard lead times to the UK will remain basically unchanged at 2 to 3 business days (Mon. - Fri.) if the customs data have been provided prior to parcel handover to GLS (possibly longer lead times for unforeseen events at the borders). The use of express services to the UK is still possible. You will receive details from your GLS contact person.

### UKCA marking replaces CE marking

The British government will introduce a new product marking UKCA on January 1, 2021, which will replace the CE marking. During a transition period until January 2022, the use of the CE marking will continue to be possible for most products, but only if British and EU product regulations are identical. If the EU makes adjustments during 2021, these will no longer be incor-porated into UK law. These products will no longer be able to use the CE marking on the British market. Products already produced and bearing the CE marking will not be affected. Details can be found on the website of the British government.

### Additional information

- You will find the GLS <u>export guideline</u> with detailed infor-mation on exports to EFTA countries and third countries on the GLS website <u>gls-pakete.at/en</u>.
- Your contact at the GLS depot will be happy to answer any further questions you may have and, if necessary, will con-sult experts on shipping to the UK for the clarification of specific details.

### Please note:

As a shipping customer, you are responsible for the proper implementation and observance of all legal provisions. GLS can only provide information, but this should in no way be seen as recommendations for action or as legal or tax advice.

Website	URL
Austrian customs authorities	https://www.bmf.gv.at/en.html
EORI numbers	https://www.bmf.gv.at/en/topics/customs/trade/economic-operators-registration-and-identifica- tion.html
Export procedures (in German)	https://www.bmf.gv.at/themen/zoll/ueberfuehrung-in-ein-zollverfahren/ausfuhrverfahren. html
Customs tariff numbers	www.tariffnumber.com
GLS export guideline	https://gls-group.eu/AT/en/downloads
GLS website	www.gls-pakete.at/en
Website of the British govern- ment	www.gov.uk



# Export checklist: Shipment within Europe - special areas (1)

Country	Postcodes/cities	Commercial invoice	Declaration of origin on commercial in- voice (for EU goods)	Movement cer- tificate EUR. 1 or declaration of origin with authorisation number	Limit for low-value clearance (Incoterm 50)
Aaland (FI)	22000-22999 (FI)	Original + 2 copies	Only T2L for proof of sense of community	Only T2L for proof of sense of com- munity	Not possible
Büsingen (CH)	8238 (CH)	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	CHF 62.50 (approx.€52)
		ch of documents, catalo jewellery, watches, ele			
Canary Islands (ES)	35xxx (ES), 38xxx (ES)	Original + 2 copies	T2LF (at shipper's discretion)	not necessary	Not possible
	number) is required.	. Phone number from co	d recipient is required. Fo onsignee necessary. Only or document consignmen	Incoterm 20 possib	
Ceuta (ES)	51xxx (ES)	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Not possible
	number)		d recipient is required. Fo necessary. Only Incoterm		ls: passport number (DNI
Channel Islands (GB) (until 30.12.2020)	Guernsey (GB): GY + xxxxx Jersey (GB): JY + xxxxx	Original	Only T2L for proof of sense of community	Only T2L for proof of sense of com- munity	Not possible
	Export declaration a ent, phone number		regardless of the commo	odity value. Invoice	, VAT ID of sender and recipi-
Northern Cy- prus (TR)	99010-99970	Original + 3 copies in English	Only country of origin of A.TR. (acc. EUR. 1)	<sup>r</sup> A.TR.	€75 up to 30kg (gross)
	up to		s 20 or 40 possible. Incot s, electronic parts, alcoh		f documents, catalogues, etc.
Faroe Islands (DK)	All	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and signature on commercial invoice required. Only Incoterms 40 and 50 possible.				
Greenland	All	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Only for documents up to 5kg (gross)
	Company stamp and signature on commercial invoice required. Only Incoterms 40 and 50 possible.				
Livigno (IT)	23030 (IT)	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Not possible
	Company stamp and	d signature on commerc	ial invoice required. Only	Incoterms 40 and	50 possible. No MRN required.



# Export checklist: Shipment within Europe - special areas (2)

Country	Postcodes/cities	Commercial invoice	Declaration of origin on commercial in- voice (for EU goods)	Movement cer- tificate EUR. 1 or declaration of origin with authorisation number	Limit for low-value clearance (Incoterm 50)	
Melilla (ES)	52xxx (ES)	Original + 2 copies	<€6,000	≥€6,000	Not possible	
	For companies: VAT ID number of sender and recipient is required. For private individuals: passport number (DNI number) is required. Phone number from consignee necessary. Only Incoterm 20 possible.					
Mount Athos (GR)	63086 (GR)	Original + 2 copies	Only T2L for proof of sense of community	Only T2L for proof of sense of com- munity	Not possible	
Samnaun (CH)	7562 (CH), 7563 (CH)	Original + 2 copies	Not necessary	Not necessary	Customs enclave	
	Separate invoice and export declaration required + CHF 50 for forwarding dutiable goods. Incoterm 50: dispatch of documents, catalogues, etc. up to 4kg. Excluded: software, jewellery, watches, electronic parts, alcohol.					

For all destinations listed above, the following applies:

• From an invoice value of €1,000, an electronic export declaration is required. Only the two-step export procedure is accepted.

• The values for the declaration of origin and the movement certificate refer in each case to a consignment (several parcels from one shipper to the same consignee). The value of the goods per parcel is in any case limited to € 5,000.



# GLS connects ... ... the two largest economical areas in the world

With its own national subsidiaries, the GLS Group also opens up the North American continent. Put your parcel shipment from Europe to the USA and Canada in the best hands with GLS. You will find everything you need to consider when exporting to the respective destinations – import regulations, customs clearance, franking etc. – in this export guide.

### GLS in the USA

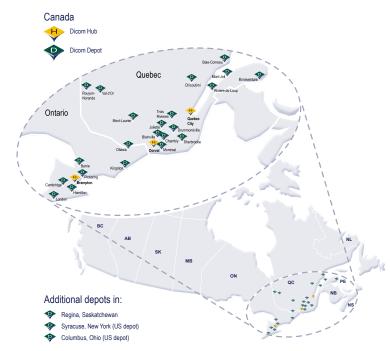
The acquisition of the American parcel services GSO and Postal Express in 2016/17 was GLS' first step into the targeted geographic expansion beyond Europe.

With GLS US your GLS parcels are being reliably delivered via our own network **along the entire West Coast of the USA:** in California, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Washington, Oregon and Idaho.

- 6 central hubs
- 45 depots
- Around 1,300 vehicles
- Over 23,000 customers

Status 06/2020





### GLS in Canada

The acquisition of the parcel service Dicom Canada followed in 2018. This allows us to offer **B2B and B2C parcel delivery throughout Canada**, with a focus on the eastern provinces of Ontario and Quebec.

Benefit from excellent customer satisfaction and a high quality, reliable delivery service.

- 3 central hubs
- 25 depots
- Around 1,600 vehicles
- Around 36,500 customers

Status 06/2020

Are you interested? Contact your GLS depot, we will be happy to advise you!



# Export checklist: Worldwide shipment (1)

Country	Possible proofs of origin	Goods excluded in addition to the goods excluded in General Terms and Conditions	Information on customs clearance	Possible Incoterms GlobalExpressParcel
Australia	Declaration of the country of origin.	Flammable nightwear, pine cones, paintball guns, filament light bulbs, paintball bullets.	Import licences required for: therapeutic equip- ment, drugs, cordless phones, CB radios and powered scooters. CDs/DVDs/videos require a declaration on the invoice. Sorts of leather sub- ject to the CITES agreement are prohibited to be imported. A declaration of origin is required for textiles depending on origin.	10, 40, 50
Brazil	Declaration of the country of origin.	Precious stones, stamps, porcelain, soil.	The importer must request an import licence for textiles from the USDA.	40, 50
Canada	Declaration of the country of origin.	Products that were manufactured in prisons, ivory, restrictions on products from Liberia.	For CDs, cosmetics, leather products (plus a CITES certificate), medical equipment, medicine, musical instruments, office supplies, aircraft parts, computer parts, electronic spare parts, machinery parts, sports equipment, textiles, toys and mobile devices, additional documentation is necessary.	10, 50
China	Declaration of the country of origin.	Matches, play money, wood pulp, toy/model/ imitation guns, soil.	Transport costs must be stated on the invoice. Import licences or, as the case may be, certifi- cates are required for the following commodity groups: DVDs, CDs, cosmetics, leather goods, medical equipment, mechanic and electronic products. For films, photographs or pictures, respectively, Chinese customs requires a corre- sponding declaration on the commercial invoice. The CR number of the importer must be stated on the commercial invoice.	40, 50
Hong Kong	Declaration of the country of origin.	Matches, play money, wood pulp, toy/model/ imitation guns, soil, snuff, electronic ciga- rettes.	Import licences are required for the following com- modity groups: rice, leather, drugs, medical equip- ment, computer equipment, electronic equip- ment, software and mobile phones. For textiles, a corresponding declaration must be stated on the invoice.	10, 40, 50
India	Declaration of the country of origin.	Passports, used goods/ second-hand goods, seeds, baby gender test kits, chemicals, electron- ic equipment, certain drugs, magnets, powder, wire, any kind of liquids.	GSTN and IEC Code of consignee must be stated on the invoice; for private recipients Aadhaar or PAN card number. Pro forma invoice higher than €1,000 not possible. If the consignment consists of more than one parcel, a list showing which parcel contains which goods must be added to the invoice. Excluded goods: goods that are dedicated for re-exportation out of India.	10, 40, 50
Israel	Declaration of origin <€6,000 EUR. 1 ≥€6,000	Precious metals, pre- cious stones, jewellery, soil.	Import licences required for the following com- modity groups: all kinds of devices, drugs, medical equipment, electronic equipment, aircraft parts, sports equipment, toys and mobile phones. Certificates required for: leather and textiles (also additional import licences, as the case may be). DVDs and CDs require a corresponding declaration on the commercial invoice.	40, 50



# Export checklist: Worldwide shipment (2)

Country	Possible proofs	Goods excluded in	Information on customs clearance	Possible Incoterms GlobalExpressParcel	
	of origin	addition to the goods excluded in General Terms and Conditions			
Malaysia	Declaration of the country of origin.	Communist material, un- processed coral material, seeds, mineral products, copy machines (multicol- our), turtle eggs, sodium acetate, aerials, receivers, satellite dishes, all goods from Haiti, restrictions for products from Liberia as well as for clothing.	Import licences required for the following commodity groups: devices, books, cosmetics, medical prescriptions, films (plus explanation on invoice), leather products, medical supplies, computer equipment, textiles, toy/model/imita- tion guns and mobile phones.	10, 40, 50	
Russia	Declaration of the country of origin.	For further information, please contact your depot.	For further information, please contact your depot.	10, 40, 50	
Singapore	Declaration of the country of origin.	Communist material, mineral products, light- ers (all types), rhinoc- eros horns (powder and waste), worked rhinoceros horns, health supplements, chewing gum, seditious and trea- sonable materials.	Restrictions and import licences or certificates of origin, respectively, for electronic devices, medi- cal equipment and mobile phones. Certificates required for medical equipment and electronic equipment. For movie films, computer equipment, electronic equipment, medical equipment, musi- cal instruments, machine parts, software, sports equipment, films and mobile phones, correspond- ing explanations are required on the commercial in- voice, or, as the case may be, additional documen- tation must be added to the customs documents.	10, 40, 50	
South Africa	Declaration of origin <€6,000 EUR. 1 ≥€6,000	Furniture, passports, furs.	The consignee must issue a statement for all kinds of devices. Import licences are required for drugs, textiles, newspapers, computer equip- ment and electronic equipment. For software and textiles, corresponding information needs to be stated on the commercial invoice.	10, 50	
Taiwan	Declaration of the country of origin.	Soil, communist mate- rial, bonds, stamps, seeds.	Import licences are required for devices, books, CDs, DVDs, cosmetics, magazines from China, manuals, medical equipment, drugs (additional restrictions), office supplies, computer equip- ment, textiles and toys from China.	10, 50	
USA	Declaration of the country of origin.	Restrictions for products from China, Puerto Rico, soil.	Various forms for different kinds of commodity groups necessary.	10, 40, 50	



# Export checklist: Worldwide shipment (3)

Country	Possible proofs of origin	Goods excluded in addition to the goods excluded in General Terms and Conditions	Information on customs clearance	Possible Incoterms GlobalExpressParcel
United Arab Emirates	Declaration of the country of origin.	Radar detectors, restric- tions for electronic items.	Import licences required for books, cameras, CDs, cosmetics, DVDs, drugs, medicine, medical equipment and supplies, newspapers, aircraft parts, computer equipment, electronic supplies, machine parts, photographs and mobile phones.	10, 40, 50
Rest of the world	Declaration of the country of origin.	For further information, please contact your depot.	For further information, please contact your depot.	

For all destinations listed above, the following applies: A commercial invoice in English (original plus three copies) is mandatory. From an invoice value of €1,000, an electronic export declaration is required. Only the two-step export procedure is accepted.



# Products and optional services for export

### **Europe-wide shipment**

Parcel	Optional services	
<i>EuroBusinessParcel</i> <i>EuroBusinessSmallParcel</i> For reliable shipment within Europe, GLS offers the	CashService (Germany)	Consignee pays for goods cash on delivery. GLS transfers the payment to the con- signor.
<i>EuroBusinessParcel</i> or the <i>EuroBusinessSmallParcel</i> . Parcels usually reach their destination in 1-2 work days (Mon-Fri). The standard delivery time to more	AddOnLiabilityService	Extended liability for the dispatch of high- quality goods (max. 3500 per parcel).
distant areas takes 3-4 work days (Mon-Fri).	FlexDelivery <b>Service</b>	GLS informs recipients about the delivery and offers a variety of delivery options to choose from. Available for dispatch to Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Great Britain, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Spain, Slova- kia and Slovenia.
	Pick&Return <b>Service</b>	Collection of parcels and delivery to client.
	Pick&Ship <b>Service</b>	Collection from and delivery to any ad- dress.
	ShopDelivery <b>Servic</b> e	Direct delivery to the GLS ParcelShop. Available for dispatch to Austria, Belgium, Denmark and Poland.
	ShopReturn <b>Service</b>	Recipients can return parcels free of charge via a GLS ParcelShop. Available for disptach to Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Ireland, Luxembourg, Poland and the Netherlands.